#### Please keep the instructions for later use.



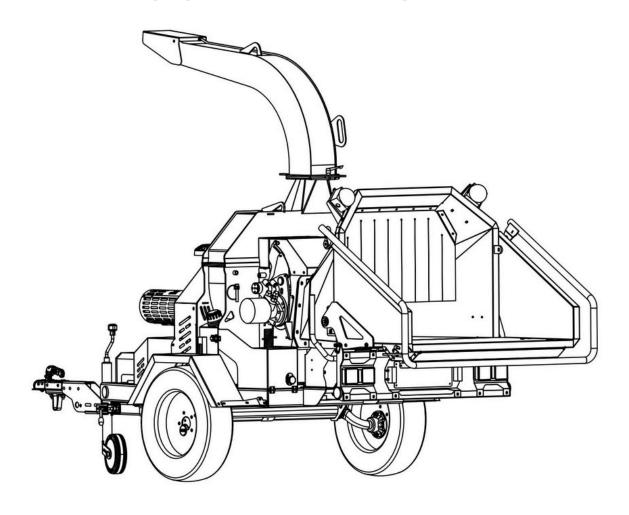
HAHN A SYN s.r.o.

Lelkova 186/4 747 21 Kravaře CZECH REPUBLIC info@hahn-profi.cz Hahn & Sohn GmbH Janahof 53

hahn@hahn-sohn.de

93413 Cham Deutschland

**USER MANUAL** 



# CEDRBD16

Road towable wood chipper



## Content

Introduction	1
DIMENSIONS	1
Labels	2
Safety Sign Locations	2
General Safety	5
Worksite Safety	5
Operator safety	5
Bystanders, Kids and the untrained safety	6
Operation safety	6
Feed Roller Safety	6
Storage safety	7
Fuel safety	7
Battery safety	7
Tire Safety	8
Parking and transport safety	8
Coupler specification	8
Hydraulic Safety	8
Engine safety	8
Maintenance Safety	10
Transportation safety	10
Attaching to the vehicle tow hitch	10
Regular checking chart for follow	11
Preparation before chipping	12
Work site preparation:	12
Material preparation	12
Chipper preparation	13
Output chute adjustment	14
Disc hood confirmation	14
Feeding speed adjustment	14
Start	15
Start engine	15
Engine Controls	15
Throttle Lever	16
Choke Knob	16
Engine Start Switch	16
Operation steps in general	17
Chipping	17
Feeding	17
Chipping Operation	
Stop	
How to Stop	20
Lock security	20

Checking list before start & after stop	20
Items checked before start	21
Items checked after stop	21
Following the steps below, can ensure efficient chipping work	21
Components description	22
Hopper	23
Control panel	24
Indicator light	24
Feeding control	24
iFS system	25
Feeding roller	25
Discharge chute	26
Deflector	27
Hydraulic valve	27
Hydraulic oil tank and fuel tank	28
Transmission	28
Maintenance	29
Regular chart	29
Lubricant	30
Belt	30
Tire	32
Disk lock latch	32
Side anvil	34
Bottom anvil	36
Feed Roller Tension Adjustment	36
Disc bearing	37
Trailer lamp	37
Hydraulic system	38
Hydraulic Oil	38
Oil return filter	39
Hydraulic pump	40
VERY Important tip	40
Hydraulic system maintenance schedule	40
Hydraulic pressure	41
Trouble shooting table	
Chipper	
Pumn	42

## Introduction

Thank you for choosing CEDRUS. CEDRUS is a brand specialized in designing and manufacturing equipment to deal with green.

D series chipper, designed for commercial use, with its solid quality and perfect performance. This machine can help you with cleaning up all green waste off trees for a long period. It is grateful for your selection on this model.

If these is any questions, kindly contact our dealer around.

Please take the serial number and all necessary documents you have with you.

You are gratefully welcome to write us comments and advice, which will definitely help us with product improvement.

This manual contains all information which will be helpful for you to understand this machine and know how to use it.

Contents includes feature and function of this model, and maintenance, safety issue and problem solutions.

If you need to change part if this chipper, easily show us what you need, you will get full service from our dealer

All people who will operate this machine, shall be well trained and fully understand all content of this manual.

#### **MEASUREMENTS**

**Engine: 32 HP (24kW)** 

Fuel Tank: 24 L

Hydraulic Tank: 25 L

#### **DIMENSIONS**

Capacity: 16 cm

Opening: 16.5 cm x 30 cm wide Disc: 67 cm dia. x 1.9 cm thick RPM: Approximately 1,850 RPM

Hitch: 2" ball hitch (5.08 cm) with options

Discharge:

manual swivel with 12" (30.5 cm) adjustable chip deflector

Feed System:

Hinged yoke assembly with a single, pivoting 24.5cm diameter x 30cm wide feed wheel

## Labels

Safety is always the first thing you should bear in mind. Please carefully read the content of the following labels, in order to avoid damage or injuries caused by accident.

**Danger** in white with red background, means ignoring this point could cause serious injuries or death to operations or bystanders

**Warning** in black with orange background, means ignoring this point could cause serious injuries to operations or bystanders

**Caution** in black with yellow background, means ignoring this point could cause injuries to operations or bystanders, or damages to machine.

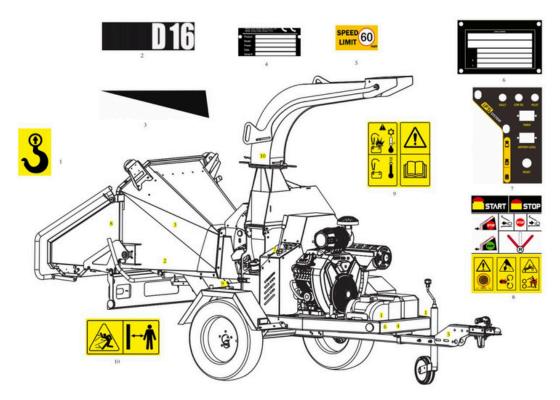
#### Label and symbols

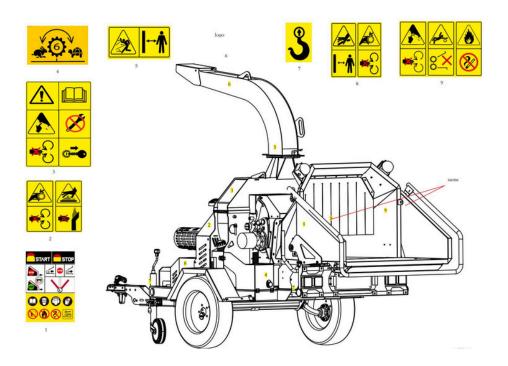
You will find all different types of labels all over your machine. You need to read and undstand contents or symbols, which stands for the safety rules or the right way you need follow.

## **Safety Sign Locations**

Safety sign locations on the equipment are shown in the illustrations that follow. Good safety requires that you familiarize yourself with the various safety signs, the type of warning and the area, or particular function related to that area, that requires your SAFETY AWARENESS.

Think SAFETY! Work SAFELY!





#### Safety Sign Explanations

#### **IMPORTANT!**

If parts are replaced that have safety signs on them, new signs must be applied. Safety signs must alway s be replaced if they become damaged, are removed, or become illegible.

Safety signs are included in the product decal kit available from your authorized dealer. Decals are not a vailable separately.

#### How to Install Safety Signs

Installation area must be clean and dry. Make sure the surface is free of grease or oil. Ambient temperat ure must be above 50°F (10°C).

#### 1. Caution



Risk of injury from flying objects.

Stay clear of material discharge chute.

Machine can expel wood chips fast enough to cause injury.

Do not point discharge at people, animals, or buildings.

#### 2. Warning



Rotating parts are exposed or under aguard. Do not attempt to reach in while parts are rotating. Keep hands, loose clothing, and long hair away. Serious injury can result.

#### 3. Warning



Risk of burns

to exposed skin from hot surfaces. Stay clear of hot exhaust system.

#### 4. Warning



Risk of explosion.

Do not jump start/ charge a frozen battery.

Frozen batteries can explode and result in serious injury.

Let battery thaw before charging.

#### 5. Warning



Risk of high pressure hydraulic fluid piercing exposed skin.

Do not check for leaks with hand or fingers. Serious injury can result.

#### 6. Warning



Risk of explosion.

Do not refuel the machine while smoking or near open flame or sparks.

Serious injury can result.

#### 7. Warning



Risk of serious injury or death if hands or limbs are caught in rotating parts.

Do not attempt to reach in while parts are turning. Keep hands, loose clothing, and long hair away.

#### 8. Warning



Risk of serious injury.

Keep hands and feet out of inlet and discharge openings while machine is operating. Wait for all moving parts to come to a complete stop before clearing obstructions.

#### 9. Caution



Risk of personal injury or equipment damage.

Do not put material larger than 160 mm diameter into the chipper. Attempting to chip anything larger could stall the engine, damage the machine or cause personal injury.

#### 10. Warning



Read the operator's manual.

Understand ALL operating instructions in the manual and understand ALL safety signs located on the machine.

The most important safety device on this equipment is an informed operator.

#### 11. Warning



Risk of serious injury or death if the engine is not shut off during maintenance procedures.

Shut off the engine and remove the key.

## **General Safety**

Accidents are usually caused by mistake, no training and ignoring to follow instructions.

It is a must that All users shall be well protected with right personal protection equipment, and well trained.

It is a must that all users should fully understand content of this manual and instructions they should follow to operate this machine.

All safety designs have been done and it can protect users from all potential injuries while working and reduce the risk of accident.

General safety instructions listed in this term, shall be followed. Ignoring could cause serious injuries, fire, explosion, or even deaths.

Operator safety. take a well training, and know how to operate in right way. keep memorizing all instructions and repeating reading labels are very helpful.

Preparation for emergency

Fire extinguisher/Mobile phone/First aid kit

## **Worksite Safety**

- Wood chipping by this model should be done by two adults. This is a must.
- Take away all Irrelevant debris from work site.
- Machine should located in safe open area, with good ventilation.
- All bystanders should be away from work site, marked with warning ribbon.

## Operator safety

П

Helmet, Muffles, goggles and glasses

	Hair shall be collected and fully covered by helmet
	Shirt can not be lose Gloves should be with lose openings
	Pants with cuffed edge
	Anti slip boots with stiff head
By	ystanders, Kids and the untrained safety
	Children, bystanders is not allowed in work site Bystanders should be protected by PPE. All untrained persons are not allowed to use the machine.
	Warning before starting machine.
O	peration safety
Pi	eparation before starting
	Check if users are dressed up in right way as instructed.
	Chipping work should be done by at two person, who are able to take care of each other in case of emergency.
	Do not work with machine after drinking or under affecting of medicine.
	Regular checking before starting
	Check if there is damaged, worn or missing parts.
	Confirm the collecting site of chips
	Check and set up the machine in right status.
	Machine should be located away from water, gas, electric cable or power station.  Machine should be kept in flat in horizontal level.
	Parking machine with wheels stopped by blocker
	Chipping work should be done in open bright area.
	No climbing on machine during working.
	Keep machine and operators in balance while working.
	Keep away from all working parts. Touching working part could cause serious injuries.
	Do not get close before working is fully stopped.
	Stop machine and switch off all safety switch before maintenance.
٥,	eed Roller Safety
Г	eed Roller Salety
	Do not overreach into the hopper. Keep proper balance and footing at all times.
	Feed rollers can cause serious injury or death. Keep hands, feet and clothing away.
	Never climb onto the feed table or hopper when the chipper is operating or running.  Never allow anyone to sit on the feed table.

St	Storage safety		
	Switch off engine, and take key away.  Some parts of machine are still hot just after shutting down. Keep machine fully cool down before maintenance.		
	Tow coupler should be firmly connected with safety chain connected too.		
	Parking should be with wheel blocked.		
	Cleaning should be done before storage.		

## **Fuel safety**

Make sure engine is completely cool down before refilling fuel.

Fuel are flammable, explosive, Do not fill fuel near fire or while smoking.

Fuel should be stocked in regulated container.

No flammable liquid on machine.

## **Battery safety**

#### CAUTION!

Risk of burns! it's extremely corrosive and poisonous. Contact with the eyes, skin, or clothing can result in severe burns or other serious personal injury. If contact occurs seek medical attention immediately. Handle batteries carefully.

Handle batteries carefully.
☐ Wearglovesandsafetyglassesorfaceshieldwhenworkingonornearbatteries. ☐ Useabatterycarriertoliftthebatteryorplacehandsatoppositecornerstoavoidspillingacid
through the vents.   Avoidcontactwithbatteryelectrolyte:
☐ ExternalContact:Flushimmediatelywithwater.☐ EyeContact:Flushwithwaterfor15minutes.Getpromptmedicalattention.Cleanupanyspilled
electrolyte immediately.    Avoidcontactwithbatteryposts,terminalsandrelatedaccessories,theycontainleadandlead
compound chemicals known to cause harm if ingested. Wash hands immediately after handling battery.
☐ Keepallsparksandflamesawayfrombatteries.Electrolytefumesareexplosive.☐ Toavoidinjuryfromsparkorshortcircuit,disconnectbatterygroundcablebeforeservicinganypart
of the electrical system.  Donotjumpstartorchargeafrozenbattery.Frozenbatteriescanexplodeandresultindeathor
serious injury. Let battery thaw before charging.

#### CAUTION!

Risk of explosion or fire! Do not let metal objects come in contact with the battery terminals. Arcing can cause a fire or explosion. Cover terminals if working near batteries.

<b>Ti</b>	re Safety
	Failure to follow proper procedures when mounting a tire on a wheel or rim can produce an explosion whichmayresultinseriousinjuryordeath. Do not attempt to mount a tire unless you have the proper equipment and experience to do the job. Have a qualified tire dealer or repair service perform required tire maintenance. When replacing worn tires, make sure they meet the original tire specifications.
Pa	arking and transport safety
	Parking on a level and stable ground, and the machine site is parallel to the ground. If the chipper is towed, make sure that the towing point is firmly connected and the safety chain is also properly connected. The trailer's brakes are on and no one is in the trailer If the shredder is not towed, make sure to secure the wheels with wheel chocks.
Co	oupler specification
Tec	chnically permissible maximum mass: 75kg
Ма	ximum permissible rear overhang: 750kg
Hy	ydraulic Safety
	Make sure that all the components in the hydraulic system are kept in good condition and are clean.  Before applying pressure to the system, make sure all components are tight, and that lines, hoses and couplings are not damaged.  Do not attempt any makeshift repairs to the hydraulic lines, fittings or hoses by using tapes, clamps

S or cements. The hydraulic system operates under extremely high pressure. Such repairs can fail suddenly and create a hazardous and unsafe condition.

☐ Wear proper hand and eye protection when searching for a high pressure hydraulic leak. Use a piece of wood or cardboard as a backstop instead of hands to isolate and identify a leak.

If injured by a concentrated high-pressure stream of hydraulic fluid, seek medical attention immediately. Serious infection or toxic reaction can develop from hydraulic fluid piercing the skin

Relieve pressure in the hydraulic system before working on it.

## **Engine safety**

#### CAUTION

Before starting engine, review the operating and maintenance instructions in the engine manual.

 $\begin{tabular}{l} $\square$ DONOToperate engine in an enclosed area. Exhaust gas escontainodor less and deadly carbon$ 

DONOTstore,spill,orusegasolinenearanopenflame,ordevicessuchasastove,furnace,or
water heater which use a pilot light or devices which can create a spark.  □ DONOTrefuelindoorswhereareaisnotwellventilated.  □ DONOTrefuelwhileengineisrunning.Allowenginetocoolforfiveminutesbeforerefueling.Store
fuel in approved safety containers.  DONOTremovefueltankcapwhileengineisrunning.  DONOToperateengineifgasolineisspilled.Movemachineawayfromthespillandavoidengine
ignition until gasoline has evaporated.  DONOTsmokewhilefillingfueltank.  DONOTchokecarburetortostopengine.Wheneverpossible,graduallyreduceenginespeed
before stopping.  DONOTrunengineaboveratedspeeds.Thismayresultininjury.  DONOTtamperwithgovernorsprings,governorlinksorotherpartswhichmayincreasethe
governed speed.  DONOTtamperwiththeengineassetbytheoriginalequipmentmanufacturer.  DONOTcheckforsparkwithsparkplugorsparkplugwireremoved.  DONOTcrankenginewithsparkplugremoved.Ifengineisflooded,crankuntilenginestarts.  DONOTstrikeflywheelwithahardobjectormetaltoolasthismaycauseflywheeltoshatterin
operation. use proper tools to service engine.  □ DONOToperateenginewithoutamuffler.Inspectperiodicallyandreplace,ifnecessary.  □ DONOToperateenginewithanaccumulationofgrass,leaves,dirtorothercombustiblematerialsin
the muffler area.  DONOTusethisengineonanyforestcovered,brushcovered,orgrasscoveredunimprovedland unless a spark arrester is installed on the muffler. The arrester must be maintained in effective working order by the operator. In the state of California, the above is required by law (Section 4442 of the California Public Resources Code). Other states may have similar laws. Federal law apply on federal land.
☐ DONOTtouchhotmuffler,enginebodyorcoolingfins.Contactmaycauseburns. ☐ DONOTrunenginewithaircleaneroraircleanercoverremoved.
Be sure to:  Removethewirefromthesparkplugwhenservicingtheengineorequipmenttopreventaccidental starting.  Disconnecttheground(-)wirefromthebatteryterminal.  Keepenginecoolingfinsandgovernorpartsfreeofgrassandotherdebristhatcanaffectengine
speed.  © Examinemufflerperiodicallytobesureitisfunctioningeffectively. Awornorleaking mufflershould
be repaired or replaced as necessary.  Usefreshgasoline.Oldfuelcanclogcarburetorandcauseleakage.  Checkfuellinesandfittingsfrequentlyforcracksorleaks.Replaceifnecessary.

# Maintenance Safety □

Follow good shop practices:

- Keepserviceareacleananddry.

- Besureelectricaloutletsandtoo

- Be sure electrical outlets and tools are properly grounded.

Desarte leath attended and tools are property broathaca.
- Useadequatelightforthejobathand.
Never operate the machine or the towing vehicle in a closed building. The exhaust fumes may cause
asphyxiation.
Before servicing or repairing, place the machine in a Safe Condition.
Allow the engine to cool before performing maintenance. Engine components and oil may be hot
enough to cause injury.
Never work under equipment unless it is properly supported.
When performing any service or maintenance work always use personal protective equipment.
Where replacement parts are necessary, use only OEM parts to restore your equipment to original
specifications. The manufacturer is not responsible for injuries or damages caused by use of
unapproved parts or accessories.
Inspect and tighten all bolts, nuts and screws. Check that all electrical and fuel connections are
properly secured.
When completing a maintenance or service function, make sure all safety shields and devices are
installed before placing chipper in service.
When cleaning any parts, do not use gasoline. Use a cleanser designed for that purpose.
Always use proper tools in good condition. Make sure you understand how to use them, before
performing any service work.

## Transportation safety

When towing the machine the maximum legal speed limit is 60mph(96kmh). On very rough and uneven road surfaces, reduce speed to protect the machine from undue vibration. When off road, avoid objects that may collide with the machine underside.

Avoid steep gradients when off road. Avoid excessively pot holed ground.

Exercise caution when reversing the machine as the short wheel base will react quickly to steering.

Clear machine of loose woodchip material before departing. Ensure the chute is securely fixed at the inboard position before departing.

Ensure that the hopper tray is closed in the up position and the locking latch is fully engaged before departing.

## Attaching to the vehicle tow hitch

Ш	Check that the vehicle ball hitch is well greased.
	Raise the machine hitch by turning the jockey wheel handle anticlockwise until the hitch socket is

	above the vehicle hitch ball.  Reverse the vehicle until the ball is directly below the machine hitch socket.  Grasp handle on tow head and push back catch with thumb.  Wind the jockey wheel handle clockwise to lower the hitch socket onto the ball hitch.  Release tow head handle and continue to wind the jockey wheel handle clockwise.  The tow head should snap into place on the ball hitch. If it doesn't, repeat previous two steps.  Wind jockey wheel up until fully retracted and the jockey wheel frame is seated in its notch on the stem. The machine's weight should be fully on the vehicle.  Release the jockey wheel clamp and slide the jockey wheel assembly fully up then tighten clamp. Connect the vehicle trailer socket to the machine socket with the connection lead.  Check all machine lights and tow vehicle lights are working correctly.  The machine is now properly attached to the tow vehicle.		
M	achine checking points before transporting		
	<ul> <li>Keep Disc, exhauster, housing, roller and output chute clean with no debris.</li> <li>All safety switch and control parts are in good condition and work well.</li> <li>Flap and protection apparatus are good</li> <li>Battery, cable and connect are in good condition.</li> <li>No fuel, oil leaking. Hydraulic tube and coupler are in good condition.</li> <li>Fuel tank lid and Bolt to drain oil are firmly fixed on.</li> <li>All pin and lock site are firmly fixed</li> <li>Components, parts and hinge are in good condition.</li> <li>Bolts and nuts are all firmly fixed.</li> <li>Pressure of tire are right</li> <li>All decals are perfect for reading</li> </ul>		
	Fire distinguisher		
	Emergency communication		
First aid kit			
	Safety helmet		
	Goggle		
	Mufflers		

Anti-slip boots

Gloves with loose opening, NO gloves with sleeve	
No loose coats	
No cuffed pants	
Long hair should be covered by helmet.	

## **Preparation before chipping**

Content of this manual should fully be read and well understood by all people who are related to this machine. Training before use is very necessary offered by dealer who should also understand manual and know how to use, maintane this machine, and all points related to functions and safety.

 $\ \square$  Careful preparation can ensure safe and efficient performance.

☐ Operatorshouldfollowallsafetyinstructions, bewellprotected, and getallsetup right and ready, and be familiar with the whole process of this chipper.

There are **3** aspects which are very important and should be checked and confirmed before starting the machine.

They are, Work site, Material and Chipper

## Work site preparation:

Clean up all rocks, metal things which could damage machine away from material and machine.
Clean up all obstacles which could block walk area.
Make sure work site is not under high voltage power cable.
Make sure work site is bright and well ventilated.
Make sure work site should in open area with enough space.
Confirm where branches and twig is and where the chips should be collected.
Keep enough space to deliver materials.
Make sure the first aid kit are good and ready for use.
Two adult operators should be on site to keep machine running and ensure the security of
surroundings

## **Material preparation**

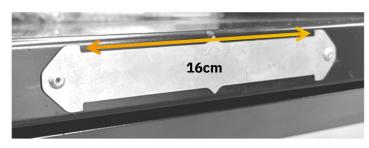
Good preparation of material could raise the efficiency, improve working condition and reduce risk on possible expense on extra maintenance.

Metal, rock or glass etc. could damage machine seriously, caused loss of your property or injuries even deaths.

Vine around twigs, could entangle operator, cause damage to machine. so all vine among your material should be taken away.

Chipping capacity: 16cm, which you can refer to the diameter gauge riveted on the bottom edge of tray.

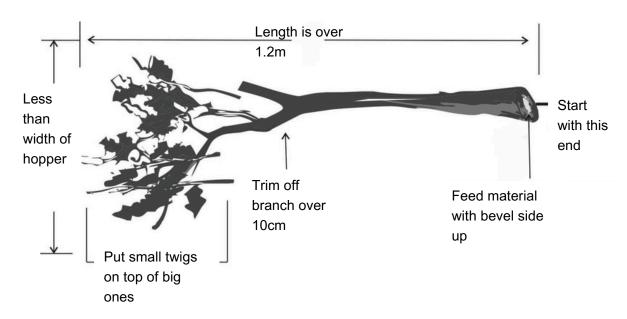
☐ Inclinedheadiseasierforfeeding. ☐ Makesurematerialislongenough over 1.2mm in order to keep hands away from roller. Short material can be pushed into roller by long material.



□ Necessaryadjustmentofweightand

length of material, by cutting into piece, could reduce risk on injury to operator.

Thischipperisdesignedtochipbrancheswithnoforeignobjectssuchasrock,metal,mudand anything could damage machine.



## **Chipper preparation**

While the chipper is not towed, be sure it is firmly steady with wheel blocked. Location should be flat in horizontal level and steady.

Machine can be fixed on site, either being towed, or supported by jacky wheel with wheel blocked.

## **Notice while towing:**

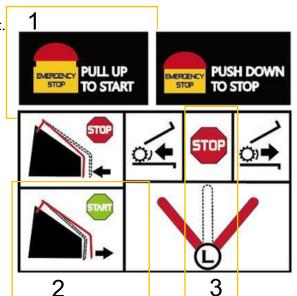
- $\Box$  Truck should be powerful enough to pull the weight of chipper.
- ☐ Parking should be on flat ground.
- $\Box$  Truck should be fully stopped with braking on.
- ☐ No running machine while transporting.
- Tow coupler should be firmly fixed onto truck tow ball.

	Connect the safety chain and cable. make sure chain is hooked evenly with no touching on ground. Be sure the cable is connected right and light works fine.
No	otice while parking untowed :
	Each model is equipped with a jacky wheel as support while parking without towed by truck. Never forget to put jacky wheel away during transportation.
	Keep chipper chassis parallel with ground
	Wheel blocker should be placed in position

## **Output chute adjustment**

	Be sure there is no debris left in hopper and output.
	Point the site for chips collecting. this chute can
	swirled.
_	

☐ Change the throwing angle by adjustment of deflector, and notice all bystanders out of work site.



## **Disc hood confirmation**

Be sure all covers are closed and fixed. or the machine can not be start due to safety system.

## **Control parts confirmation**

Hydraulicstopbarreleased (reffig2)
Put control rod at 'stop' position. (ref fig 3)
Be sure the emergency switch popup. (ref fig 1
Fault light is off.

## All types oil level checking

Before start engine, the most importance is to check level of all oil, fuel, hydraulic oil... Refilling can be processed while machine is completely cool down. Slowly turning lid to release pressure in the tank in order to avoid injecting.

## Feeding speed adjustment

The feed speed can be adjusted to suit the material being chipped.

Total travel is 6 turns, starts from '0' and ends at '0'.

Default speed is in middle (3 turns clockwise to close, 3 turns anti-clockwise to the highest speed)





When feeding Leylandii or leafy material, set feed roller speed BY 0.5-1 turn clockwise from the middle.

## **Start**

**IMPORTANT!** 

Before starting work with the chipper, become familiar with the location and function of all controls.

- ☐ Donotlettheengineidlingwiththeclutchseparatedforover2-3minutes,thiswillcauseexcessive wear of the belt.
- ☐ Ifyouhearasuspiciousnoisewhentheengineisturnedoffindicatingalooseorbrokenpart,have engine inspected by dealer.
- ☐ Incoldweather, ittakes about 15 minutes to heat up the hydraulicoil.
- ☐ Coldhydraulicoilwillcausenoise,pressureloss,cavitationandotherdamagetothehydraulic pump and motor.

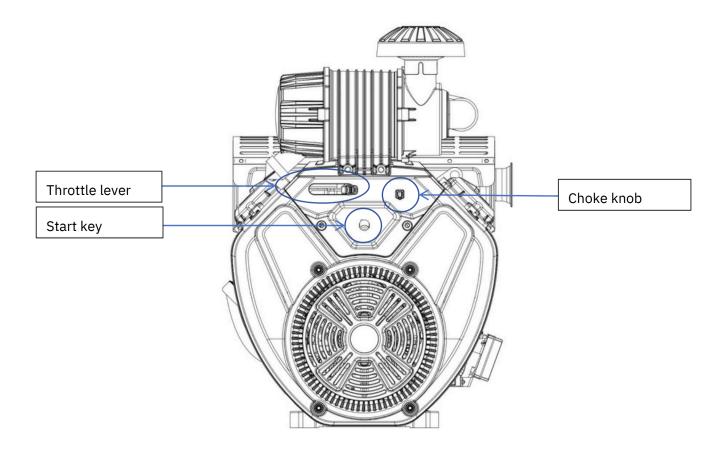
## Start engine

Please start engine with reference to engine manual.
i todge start engine with reference to engine mandat.

- ☐ Turn the battery switch to 'ON' position.
- Fire up the engine and keep engine idle running for 1-3 minutes, Then pull handle to semi-coupling position and hold for 3-5 seconds till the disc starts running, then pull handle to lock position.
- ☐ Warming up is very necessary for all oil filling, recycling. 5-10 minutes warming up is highly recommended for each time working, especially the first using.

## **Engine Controls**

Refer to the engine manual for further explanation on engine controls.



#### **Throttle Lever**

The Throttle Lever controls engine speed.

Warm up the engine before putting the chipper to work.

The throttle lever should be at the MAX position during chipper operation.

- Pushtheleverto'rabbit'toincreaseenginespeed.
- Pulltheleverto'turtle'todecreaseenginespeed.

### **Choke Knob**

The Choke Knob is used as a starting aid when the engine is cold. Pulling the knob out supplies a richer fuel mixture to aid the engine in starting.

- Pulltheknobouttoapply(close)thechokewhenstartingacoldengine.
- Pushtheknobingraduallytoturnoff(open)thechokeastheenginewarms.

## **Engine Start Switch**

The Engine Start Switch has three positions—OFF, ON, and START.

 $\label{lem:continuous} \ \square \ OFF-In the OFF position, there is no power to the engine and fuel supply is turned off. Turn the$ 

	switch fully counter-clockwise to shut the engine off.  ON – In the ON (run) position, the fuel supply solenoid supplies fuel to the engine. The machine
	operates in this position.
	START – In the START position, the engine electric starter is activated. When released, the switch spring-returns to ON.
O	peration steps in general
	Fold down hopper tray (check all points according to check-list) Turn on battery switch. Start engine.
	Turn key to start engine and let go once engine has fired
	Engage the clutch for start the chip wheel running
	Allow engine to run for 30 seconds then open throttle to full
	Push the feeding bar to forward position  Feed material
	To stop, push the feeding bar to stop position
	To reverse, push the feeding bar to reverse position
	To stop machine Push the feeding bar to stop position
	Close throttle to minimum
	Switch off ignition and remove key
	Release the clutch to disconnect the transmission
	Sweep out debris from hopper Close hopper tray by lifting fully up against stops and engage latch
_	hinning
L	hipping
Bef <b>No</b> 1	ore feeding, pull up engine to full speed. Push control handle to feeding position te
Tw	o adults are supposed to operate together, in case of any emergency.
Fe	eeding
	Pick up branches, make you can stand straight and walk freely, put the cut side into roller. For the
	first 4-8 hours with new machine, recommend that you start with 8-10cm fresh branches, you can evenly increase diameter as time goes by.
	Put the branch on tray and make sure hands out of hopper. Hand off the branch when you feel the
	roller starts feeding. For a short twig, you can stop roller and put the short ahead of the long. then
	start feeding, push the short by the long.
	Refer to the pathway, Feeding and turn. Always pay attention to working status, noise.

Confirm the throw direction, No bystanders, No power cable, No animals, No flammable material,
No growing plants.

## **Chipping Operation**

The wood chipper is a strong, rugged machine that is built to provide consistent chipping of logs up to 160mm in diameter.

#### WARNING!

Risk of serious injury or death. Keep hands, feet and clothing away from feed rollers when the chipper is operating. Do not climb onto the feed table or hopper.

Never reach into the feed hopper. Doing so risks hands getting caught. Use a stick or branch to push in any material that does not move on its own. If jammed, stop the engine, wait for the Disc to stop, then clear the jam.

#### IMPORTANT!

Do not put metal objects, bottles, cans, rocks, glass or other foreign material into wood chipper. If such items happen to get into the chipper, stop machine and turn engine off. Wait for all moving parts to stop before removing material. Inspect machine for damaged or loose parts before resuming work.

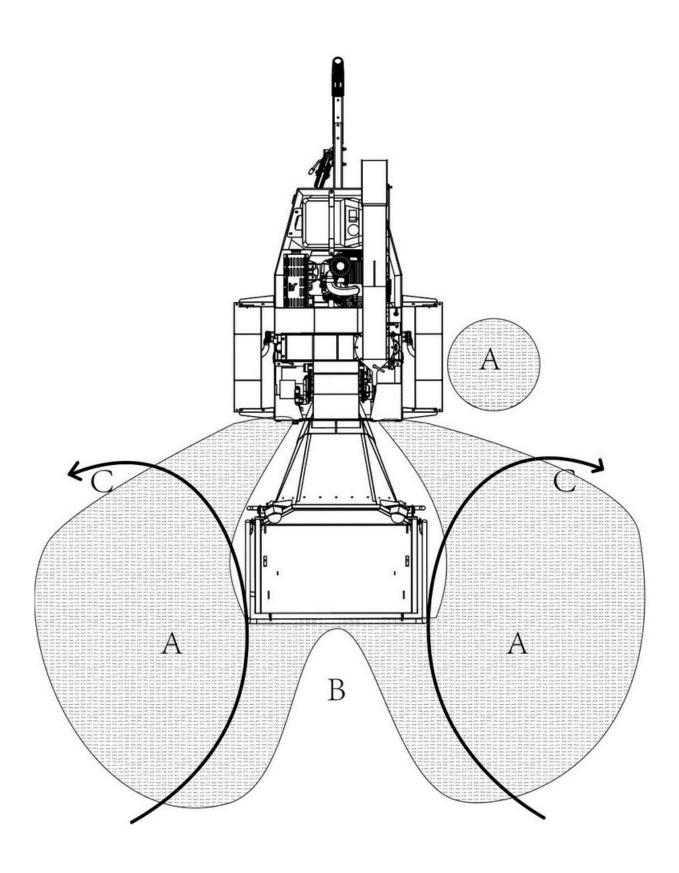
☐ De-limblargebranchesandtrees. The limbson largebranches sticking out of the feed hoppermay catch the roller feed control bar, and shut the rollers off.

Beawareofthesizeandshapeofthematerial.Complicated,curvedbranchesandlogscanmovein unpredictable ways as they pass through the feed rollers. Large curved pieces should be cut to smaller straighter sections.

Holdsmalldiameterbranchestogetherinabundleandfeedintogether.

Placeshortbranchesontopoflongeronestoavoidreachingintothehopper.

A area for operating
B area for material
C is feeding routine



## **Stop**

Disc is still running after engine shut down and clutch released, No open the cover of housing.

Follow all regulated procedure to shut down engine and stop the machine, lock all security parts.

#### Note

Before shutting down, make sure no twigs left in hopper and roller, no debris and chips left in housing.

Never put those debris and twigs you clean up from worksite into hopper, as you can not feed them into roller in proper way. what is worse, these debris could contains sands or small rocks which could damage machine seriously.

## **How to Stop**

Stop roller with control rod on position of stop

Pull down speed to idle status till all debris in hopper and housing are blowed out.

Shut down engine

Release clutch while the machine is fully stopped.

## **Lock security**

Regarding to safety,	it is verv	important to	check and	lock all	security	parts.

- ☐ Besurestartkeyistakenaway.
- Batteryisfirmlylockedandswitchisoff.
- ☐ Toolboxormanualcontainerisclosed
- ☐ Ifyouusetowingcoupler, make sure it can coupled well and rearlights works fine.
- $\hfill \square$  If you try to store this machine, better to take off battery and all electric components, such as computer.

While transporting, nothing is allowed in hopper or on the machine.

## **Checking list before start & after stop**

Now you know well on the whole chip process, Please check the following items before starting and after shutting down.

#### Items checked before start

Preparation for emergency is ready.

Two adults are must for chipping work with this machine.

All person should be dressed up in proper way and protected by related euipments.

Check the work site marked with warning ribbon thoroughly.

Work site preparation, material, work pathway, chips collecting site

Check if there are parts worn, cracked or missed, untightened.

Machine preparation, oil, fuel, hydraulic oil...

No objects, such as debris, rocks or tools in hopper.

All covers are firmly fixed

Tire is with right pressure.

Recheck regular daily maintenance chart.

## Items checked after stop

П				

Control rod is on position of stop.

Take off starting key. Switch off power supply.

Disc stop completely.

Completely cool down for 15-20 minutes

All cover are firmly fixed and locked

Work site cleaning work finished

It is clean inside hopper

Make sure tow coupling is connected properly and firmly

## Following the steps below, can ensure efficient chipping work

П	П	П	П	П	П	П	П	П	П
$\Box$	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	$\Box$

Original blades supplied

Keep blade sharp at right angle.

Change blunt blade in time

Keep right gap between blade and anvil

Keep anvil right and sharp edge

Tighten blade bolts at right torque

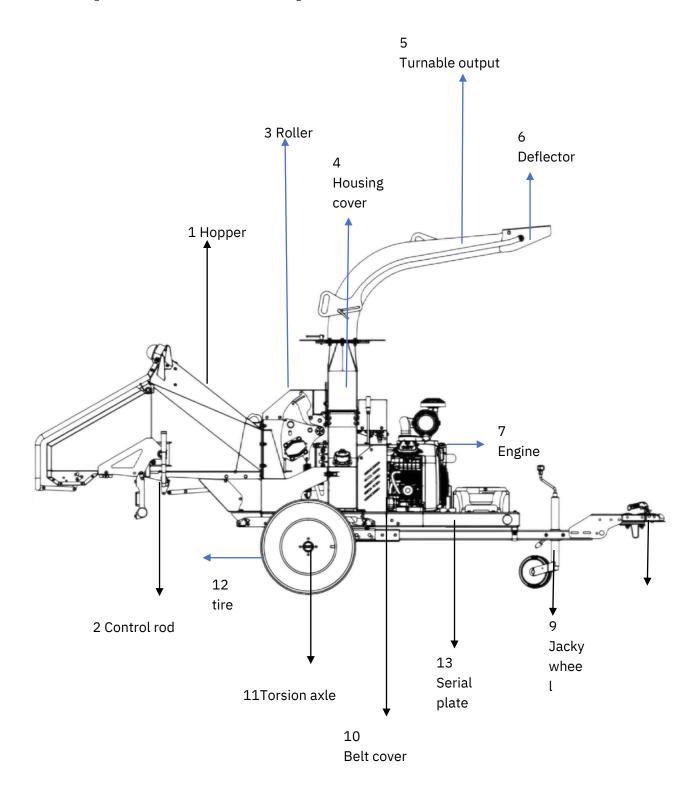
Make sure blade and blade holder clean

Clean blades and anvil, keep them rusty proof

Grease the bearing regularly

Keep inside of housing clean and dry

## **Components description**



- 1. Hopper, where you feed material into roller
- 2. Control rod, by which you control feeding, stopping, rejecting material
- 3. Roller, which is rolling by hydraulic to pull material in to Disc housing
- 4. Housing cover, where you can open and check or change blade
- 5. Output chute, which can be turned 360 degrees for chips collecting
- 6. Deflector, which you can adjust throwing angle
- 7. Engine, which supplies power to Disc and hydraulic system
- 8. Tow coupler, which use for connection for towing
- 9. Jacky wheel, which is used for support while machine is not connected to truck.
- 10. Belt cover, which is used to cover belt and pulleys
- 11. Torsion axle, which is used to reduce bumping while transporting
- 12. Tire, This tubeless tire which is wear-resistant and explosion proof.
- 13. Serial plate, which contains product info and serial number

## **Hopper**

No entry of the feeding space, even for hands, head. Improper operating will cause injuries or deaths. Make sure no debris left in hopper before starting engine.

**Function** 

Hopper keeps safe distance between roller and operator.

Fold-able in-feed pan, which should be folded during transport.

#### How to use

No entry of the feeding space, even for hands, head. Material should be over 1.2m long and 1.32m wide. Control rod, First position is forward for feeding, Second position or middle, is stop for feeding, Third position is reverse for push back material

#### **Maintenance**

Make sure no debris left in hopper. Objects like rock, glasses and metal will damage the blade and machine.

Cleaning can only be done, while engine shut down, all cover firmly locked.

Hopper should be cleaned before transportation.

## **Control panel**

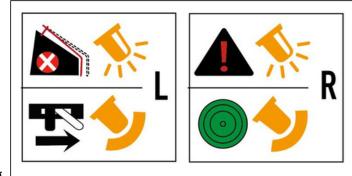
- 1. Timer
- 2. Battery level
- 3. Reset button
- 4. Clutch handle

Light: Fault / Low oil / Pilot



## **Indicator light**

You will find indicator light on bracket of emergency stop.



## **Function**

Both indicator light will be on after switching on the engine (make sure you have battery switch on )

Left one: flashing while the panic bar is engaged, you have to release it to stop flashing Right one: flashing while there is fault happening, such as emergency stop involved, disk hood opened, self protection mode starts.

**Self-protection mode** starts after 8 seconds at idle speed while machine is in feeding status.

## **Feeding control**

- 1. Emergency stop
- 2. Stop bar
- 3. Reset handle
- 4. Tool bracket (optional)
- 5. Control bar

Knowing the function of feeding control, will ensure the proper operation of this machine, and avoid the potential risks.

### **Function**

ППП

Emergency switch, can only be used to stop the whole machine, while there is emergency. Panic bar, is used to stop feeding roller under urgent situation.

Control handle, is to control feeding roller, with 3 positions, forward, reverse and stop.

Reset lever, is to used to reset the stop bar while it is in function.

#### How to use

Follow the instructions from label or manual to use emergency stop and control handle.

Emergency switch is only used for emergency.

Control handle should always be in position of stop while starting or stopping.

#### **Maintenance**

Regular checking and ensure no loose of all bolts and nuts of feeding control parts. Cables are good no cracking and all latch locking system are working properly.

## iFS system

iFS system prevents the engine from getting bogged down if material is put into the chipper too quickly. Feed roller speed is regulated by monitoring the Disc rpm.

Procedure:

Check the engine is warmed, at MAX throttle setting, and the Disc is up to speed. Once the Disc is up to speed, iFS starts the feed rollers when the feed control handle is placed in the Forward (feed) position.

#### NOTE:

Engine throttle must be at MAX and Disc at full speed for feed rollers to function in Forward. Feed rollers function in Reverse even at engine idle so material can be backed out.

## Feeding roller

Make sure you have gloves on and well protected from cutting.

#### WARNING!

Risk of serious injury or death. Keep hands, feet and clothing away from feed rollers when the chipper is operating. Do not climb onto the feed table or hopper.

The Feed Roller Control bar on both side of the hopper controls the material feed into the chipper. The control bar has 3 positions—Forward, Stop, Reverse. Decals on the side of the feed table indicate feed control bar operation.

#### Maintenance:

While teeth is worn, the roller should be changed.

Clean up the twigs may wind around roller shafts in time.

Grease the roller bearing regularly according the maintenance

□ Controlbar

it can be moved freely between Forward (1) and Reverse (2). Once moved into Stop position (3), Roller will be stopped.

Panicbar

Stop the feed rollers at any time by pushing the panic bar down to fully stop the feed rollers.

To move the control bar to stop position, pull right the Reset Lever to release panic bar.

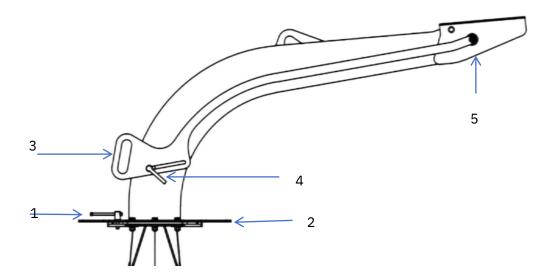
Panic bar must be released before start.

## **Feeding process**

- 1. Material fed into roller
- 2. Roller hooks material and pull it into disc housing
- 3. Material pulled into anvil and disc
- 4. Blades on disc starts cutting material sides by sides
- 5. Impeller on disc supplies air blowing chips out of housing through output chute.

## Discharge chute

Make sure the output chute is hooked by crane or supported beneath before disassembling chute.



#### How to rotate the chute

The discharge chute can be rotated. It has a spring-loaded latch that locks it in position.

- 1. Release the two lock bolts(1) to turn the discharge chute.
- 2. Use grip handles(2) and rotate the chute.
- 3. Tighten the bolts(1) and lock the chute into position.

## How to clean up chute

1. Mark with warning sign after completely stop 2. Be sure that Disc has be completely stopped 3. Open the disc housing hood and clean from the bottom 4. As the chute is disassembled, material jammed will be dismissed. 5. Fix all part back in return and start with small parts.

**TIPS:** The blockage is mainly caused by a low engine rpm or a fast drop down of engine speed. The chipper runs at less than full speed, or the blade becomes blunt and cannot cut effectively, or materials are too soft and moisture, which may cause the drop down of rpm, or material cannot be cut into pieces. If the feed is automatically controlled, the starting speed must be set high enough to prevent the occurrence of low speed.

#### **Deflector**

The Hood Deflector(5) is on the end of the discharge chute to direct the chip output. The deflector is held in position by a slotted position handle.

## How to adjust deflector

Release the lock bolt(4)
Grasp the handle(3) and push slightly to adjust the angle.
Lock the deflector into position by tightening the handle into position you need

## Hydraulic valve

Pressure of hydraulic must be released due to high temperature and pressure, before any maintenance

#### **Function**

Hydraulic valve is change flow direction of hydraulic oil, or flow volume to change speed of flow. Model with iFS control, Flow reverses automatically while RPM of Disc drops to certain level.

#### How to use

To use control rod to operate hydraulic valve.

Note that Control rod should be in position of stop while machine is unused.

#### Maintenance

Check coupler and tube, ensure no leaking.

All connections are firmly tightened
No cracking on nower cables

## Hydraulic oil tank and fuel tank

Fuel, and hydraulic oil is flammable, explosive, should be away from Smoking, and any fire sources Hydraulic system crates pressure during working, and this pressure is high and cause scalding and injuries to operator. so you have to release pressure and cool oil down.

#### Location

Hydraulic oil tank, integrated with disc housing of chipper, Fuel tank is in front of chassis

#### How to use

On top of fuel tank, A gauge to show volume of fuel. In side of hydraulic oil tank, a gauge to show
volume and temperature of hydraulic oil.
Do not fully fill the tank, and keep space for steam expansion.
Seal the cap to avoid spilling.
There are filters, in fuel tank and hydraulic tank. Filter for oil return in hydraulic tank should be
replaced in a certain period.
Due to characteristic of hydraulic oil, it should be replaced for a certain period. Regular check and
clean oily sediment through side window.

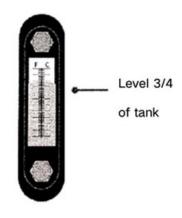
## **Recommended Volume of Hydraulic oil**

refer to the gauge. volume to reach 3/4 level of gauge is sufficient. fig4.14

4.14

## **Maintenance**

Refer to engine manual, change fuel filter, oil filter. Please use original parts offered by manufacturer.



## **Transmission**

Rotating belt can hurt people seriously. Do not check, clean or adjust belts while running. Do not use flammable detergent to clean belts, which cause fire possibly.

#### **Function**

Transmission system is to trans power from engine to chip and hydraulic system, which is consist of belts, pulleys and cover.

#### How to use

Belt cover is to protect users from hurting by rotating belts. Do not work with running belts with no cover on. Fix all covers back in return after maintenance of belt.

Right tension, can ensure efficient power transmission. Stop machine completely and take off belt cover to check and test the tension of belts.

## **Maintenance**

Oil can seep and damage belts, make sure clean them away in time.

Use non flammable detergent to clean belts, such as soap...

Check pulley while change belts.

In order to ensure perfect performance, Tension clutch might need to be adjusted according to belt tension

New belt should check every 8 hours working.

## **Maintenance**

## Regular chart

Item	How	Before start	8 hr s	40 hr s	120 hrs	40 0h rs
Entire machine	Visual inspection	٧	٧			
	Clean machine		٧			
Tighten parts(excl . blade bolts)	Use thread fasten glue			٧		
Blades	Grinding or replacing blades whil e chips are not good		٧			
Blade bolts	Check bolts while checking blade s, change if necessary  Do adjustment to get right gap (1		٧			
Gap between bla de and anvil	-1.5mm) between blade and anvil Check anvil while change blade,			٧		
Anvil	change if necessary			٧		

Belt	Check tension of belt and make it right. change if necessary.		٧	٧	
Roller	Roller worn or cracked should be changed immediately.	٧			
Oil return filter in Hydraulic oil tank	Change accordingly.				٧
Hydraulic oil	Check, replace, fill to 3/4 position if necessary.	٧			

### Lubricant

Lubricanting is very import to keep machine running well. such as axle, roller bearing, roller holder spin bush, clutch, spin flange, Disc bearing, control rod spin points...

#### Note

The following time chart is based on normal work condition. like 8 hours a days, 5 days a week. if you are taking heavier chipping work, the following chart should be adjusted accordingly.

Agenda

Agenda	I				
No.	Item	Position	Every8hours	Every40hours	
1 2	Hubbearing	2112	n/aformaintenancefreemodel		
4 5	Rollerbearing			٧	
	Outputflange		Everyyearwithoildrop	)	
	Discbearing		٧		

Note: use lubricant gun for greasing. (EP lubricants recommended)

#### **Belt tension**

**NOTE:** Make sure the pulleys are aligned. A new belt will loosen after first use. Check the tension of a new belt after 24 hours of use. The deflection halfway between the pulleys should be between 5 and 15 mm.

#### **Tire**

Keep Tyre pressures inflated to 65 psi.

Check wheel nuts are tightened to between 90Nm and 100Nm.

Never install undersized tires.

## Tire type

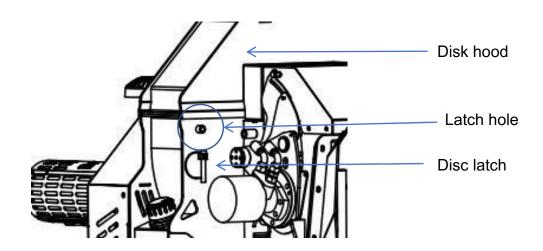
Size designation (s)	Rolling radii (mm)	Load capacity	Speed category	Wheel rim	Pressure (kPa)	Offset (mm) 30 for rim
165R13LT	200	0-1/00		1.00	100	00 101 11111

### Disk lock latch

Danger, open disk hood only if Disc stopped completely

Danger, loose clothes, jewelry and long hair should be away from spinning parts.

- ☐ Putcontrolrodinpositionofstop
- □ Slowdownenginetoidlespeed
- □ Switchoffengine
- ☐ WaittillDisccompletelystopped
- 🛮 Releaseclutch.
- $\square$  Slideofflockrodandopenthehood. Uselatch to stop Disc from turning.
- ManuallyspinDisctillyouseebladeformaintenance
- ☐ SlideintheDisclatchtolockDiscfromturning.seepicture



#### **Blade**

The Disc can squeeze or cut a person's limb; Wearing loose clothing, jewelry, and long hair can lead to serious personal injury or death, such as winding and cutting. Before maintenance, make sure to turn off the engine and wait for the Disc to stop turning completely and secure the Disc with a latch.

The Disc must be rotating for several minutes after the engine is switched off to stop, and do not open the housing cover until the Disc has completely stopped turning, as this may cause serious injury. Protectives such as goggles and gloves may always be worn when maintaining chipper, where debris may fly out causing eye injuries, skin scratches and cuts.

Overheating of the blade can change the characteristic of the blade edge, and overheating of the blade can result in small cracks that, if chipping work continues, it may cause the blade cracking. Overheats when grinding the blade is strictly prohibited.

In order to ensure efficient performance, blade should remain sharp all the time. Time to grind or for replacement, is depending on work condition or material chipped.

While blade gets blunt, chips quality will get smaller and worse, feeding speed goes down. Keeping blades sharp, is a must to ensure efficiency of chipper.

□ Choo	seorig	inalblac	lesforrep	olacem	nent	
□Кеер	blades	sharpa	ndrighta	ngleof	anvil	

Keeprightgapbetweenbladeandanvil

☐ Fixbladebyoriginalbolts, and tighten by righttorque.

☐ Cleanbladeandholderupcompletely

## **Blades - Changing**

Check disc blade sharpness daily.

Check blade sharpness more often if processing material with a lot of sand, soil or dirt in it. If the chipper is not pulling the material or material has to pushed into the chipper, the disc blades are probably dull. Keeping the blades sharp reduces the amount of power required during operation. Reverse or sharpen the blades if the cutting edge becomes dull.

#### Procedure

1. Remove the blades from the disc to sharpen. Sharpen at a 30° angle to provide the best cutting effect.

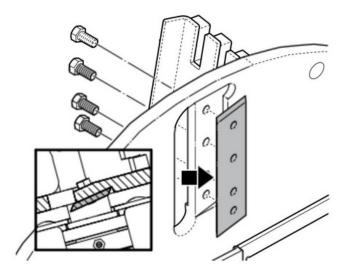
#### IMPORTANT!

Make sure equal amount of material is removed from each blade when sharpening to maintain proper disc balance.

#### CAUTION!

Risk of getting hands pinched or wedged between lower disc hood and disc. Turn discs lowly and be a ware of hand positioning.

2. Install disc blades with leading edge out, towards the anvil. Tighten the blade mounting bolts to 148 lb•ft (200 N•m).



#### **IMPORTANT!**

If replacing or sharpening a blade, do the opposite one on the disc as well to maintain disc balance. Anvil clearance must be equal.

### Side anvil

There are two anvils on this model, side anvil and bottom anvil.

Observe Anvil performance daily. Check the Anvil sharpness every 50 hours.

The Anvil is bolted inside the lower disc hood assembly. As the disc turns, material fed into the chipper is sheared off at the Anvil by the disc blades.

When the corner of the Anvil facing the disc blade rounds over, the blade can be removed and re-installed with a different corner facing the disc blade. Once all four corners have been rounded, remove the knife to sharpen or replace it.

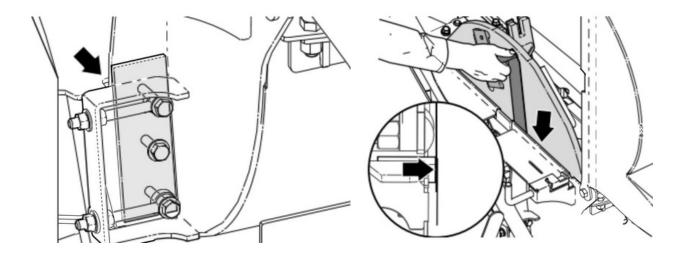


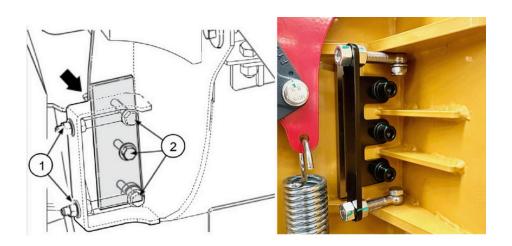
Fig 1 Anvil inside lower disc hood

Fig2 Checking Anvil clearance

## Side anvil - Changing

The Anvil is removed through the bottom of the chipper. Procedure

- 1. Loosen the outside jam nuts (1) and the inside adjuster nuts.
- 2. Remove the three bolts (2) holding the Anvil in place to allow the blade to fall through the bottom of the chipper.
- 3. Rotate the Anvil or replace it.
- 4. Reverse the above steps to reinstall the knife.
- 5. Verify clearance before tightening.

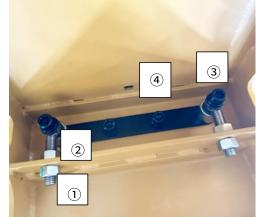


#### **Check video attached**

Risk of getting hands pinched or wedged between lower disc hood and disc. Turn disc slowly and be aware of hand positioning.

#### **Bottom anvil**

- 1. Loosen the jam nuts (1) on the outside of the Anvil support.
- 2. Loosen lock bolts (3) slightly.
- 3. Turn the adjuster nuts (2) clockwise so the Anvil slides firmly up against the gauge inside the disc hood. Remove the Anvil gauge.
- 4. Tighten the jam nuts (1).



### **Bottom anvil - Changing**

The Anvil is removed through the bottom of the chipper.

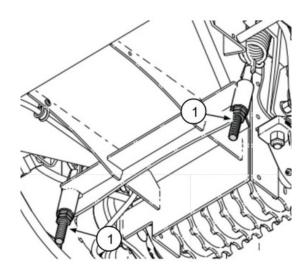
- 1. Remove the three bolts (3/4) holding the Anvil in place to allow the blade to fall through the bottom of the chipper.
- 2. Rotate the Anvil or replace it.
- 3. Reverse the above steps to reinstall the knife.
- 4. Verify clearance before tightening.

## **Feed Roller Tension Adjustment**

The feed rollers pull material from the hopper into the chipper. The lower roller is fixed. The upper roller is mounted on hinged pivot arms so it can move up and down with different sizes of material. Spring tension on the upper pivot arms hold the roller down on the material as it is fed into the chipper. Adjust spring tension tighter for smaller material, and looser for larger material. If spring tension needs to be adjusted, follow these steps:

#### Procedure

- 1. On the underside of the machine, loosen the jam nuts (1) on the spring tensioners. Hold the upper nut with a wrench while loosening the jam nut.
- 2. Turn the adjuster nut to set spring tension as required. The upper roller should grip material and move up and down with different material sizes.
- 3. Hold the adjuster nut with a wrench and tighten the jam nut.



#### IMPORTANT!

Set tension on both sides equally. Measure the length of adjustment threads as a check.

## Disc bearing

Disc flange bearing is an important part to support the rotation of the Disc shaft, the bearing must be regularly maintained in accordance with the maintenance and maintenance table.

Before carrying out maintenance on the bearings:

- 1. Shut down the machine in the order of the contents of the safety section.
- 2. Check the Disc to make sure it is smooth, free of scratches, wear or bends, and clean.
- 3. Check the dirt on the flange bearings.
- 4. Protect flange bearings from dirt or moisture.

Serious injuries and deaths may occur if the power machine is not switched off during maintenance operations. The power supply must be turned off and locked before maintenance work can be carried out.

## **Trailer lamp**

If the lights on your utility trailer are no longer functional, use this guide to replace the lights so that your trailer is street legal!

The lights on a utility trailer consist of a running light, brake light, and turn signal that are controlled by two wires that run from the tongue of the trailer to the back and connect to the lights.

Also, prior to making the fix, check to make sure the male adaptor for the lights is not plugged into the female adaptor on your vehicle. If not unplugged, there is risk of electrical shock.

Find the wires running from the trailer to the light.

Inspect all the wiring on both sides of the trailer itself and closely look at points of contact where the

wires could potentially rub and get damaged.

Use a ratchet wrench to remove both hex nuts on the bolts mounting the light to the bracket.

Disconnect the socket and take off the lamp

Replace with new one, connect the cable.

After finishing the fix, be sure to plug into your vehicle to ensure proper function of your new trailer lights.

## Hydraulic system

Hydraulic oil will evaporate and may ignite serious injuries such as explosions, fires, etc. To keep hydraulic oil away from the source of the fire (e.g. open flames or smoking, etc.).

Leaks of hydraulic oil can cause fluid build-up and slippery conditions on the ground, which can result in serious injury. Clean the leaking hydraulic oil frequently and repair the leak immediately.

Decompress the hydraulic system and lock the machine before maintenance, even if there may be pressure storage in the power-off hydraulic system.

Hydraulic oil in the hydraulic tringe is highly pressured and can be ejected from the leaking area to burn or penetrate the skin, causing serious damage. If the hydraulic oil penetrates the skin, seek medical attention immediately!

Hydraulic components (pumps, motors) and hydraulic oil are very hot and can cause severe burns during operation. Always wear protective masks, protective clothing, etc. during operation and maintenance.

Do not add additional hydraulics or accessories, resulting in the failure of the factory quality guarantee (warranty).

When maintaining the hydraulic system, pay special attention to the leakage and heat of the hydraulic system (pumps, motors, valve, etc.). Always follow the safety warnings and safety operating procedures to maintain the hydraulic system.

#### Before maintenance

☐ Waitforthemachinetocooldowncompletely.

☐ Releasetheremainingpressureinthehydraulicsystem. The parts that may have energy storage included: feed rollers, suspended loads, fully charged batteries, etc.

Leakinspection. Useapiece of cardboard to check for leaks. Donot check by hand.

The hydraulic system can provide hydraulic power for certain components of the machine. The main components that require maintenance include hydraulic oil, filters, and hydraulic pumps.

## **Hydraulic Oil**

The	hydrauli	c oil :	should	be	tested	every	250	hours	tor	signs c	ot aging.	The	signs	ot agin	g inc	lud	e:
-----	----------	---------	--------	----	--------	-------	-----	-------	-----	---------	-----------	-----	-------	---------	-------	-----	----

☐ Thecolorofthehydraulicoilchanges.

☐ Thesmellofhydraulicoilhaschanged.

☐ Itfeelsthatthereisdirtorsandinthehydraulicoil.

- ☐ Hydraulic components fail regularly.
- $\Box$  The operating noise is larger than normal.

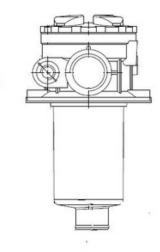
The quality of hydraulic oil can be tested using a commercially available test kit or a simple absorbent paper. Blotting paper point test is to drop oil on a piece of absorbent paper. If the absorbent paper remains colorless or has only a light yellow ring, it indicates that the degree of oxidation of the hydraulic oil is within a controllable range. Even if the color is darker but the whole is uniform, the hydraulic oil can continue to be used. If the sample has a color circle with obvious color difference, it indicates that the hydraulic oil should be replaced. When there is a black mark in the middle of the sample and the light-colored hydraulic oil spreads out of the absorbent paper, it indicates that sludge or other dirt has entered the hydraulic system. This indicates that the hydraulic oil needs to be replaced Under normal working conditions, the hydraulic oil should be replaced every 2000 hours of work or every year, whichever comes first. Under more severe working conditions, it should be replaced every 1000 hours or six months of work. Always use anti-wear hydraulic oil. Always keep the oil level at three quarters of the fuel tank. Failure to do so may cause air to enter the hydraulic pump, reduce the pressure of the hydraulic oil, and make the machine move slowly.

#### Oil return filter

The hydraulic oil filter is replaced every 500 hours of work or when the hydraulic oil is changed. Use a filter level of 10 microns.

Use protective plastic gloves to keep oil off skin, dispose of oil and filter in an environmentally responsible manner.

- 1. The filter housing is accessed in side of disc hood, in the top of the hydraulic tank.
- 2. Unscrew filter housing top, remove filter element and replace.
- 3. Screw on and tighten filter body with new filter element into filter housing.





## **Hydraulic pump**

The hydraulic pump is an important part of the operation of the shredder. The operator should always pay attention to the possible problems of the hydraulic pump during the operation. The symptoms of the hydraulic pump include:

	-					•	
11	- 1	$\sim$	$\sim$	n	$\sim$	10	١,
	- 1	v	v		v	ıJ	У

□ Overheating

☐ Pressureincreasingofoutput

■ Nooilpumpingout

□ Lowpressure

□ Runningslowly

## **VERY Important tip**

The troubleshooting of the hydraulic system, communicating with the operator, helps with understanding the circuit diagram and checking the mechanical parts to determine the basic cause of the problem.

There may be more than one fault. First, establish a list of possible causes of the failure, eliminate the items that are the easiest to eliminate, do not need to be disassembled or save time, and conduct tests step by step to eliminate or repair the possible causes.

Take preventive and corrective measures to avoid excessive downtime due to maintenance failures in the future

## Hydraulic system maintenance schedule

item	Maintenance	Schedule
Hydraulic oil	The liquid level is kept at 3/4 of the tank	Check each use
	Oil test	Every 250 hours of working, or sign of aging
	Replacement (under normal working co nditions)	Every 2000 hours of working, or every year
	Replacement (under severe working con ditions)	Replace if needed
Filter	Replacement	Every 400 hours or damaged
Hydraulic	If necessary	Refer to schedule

pump		
Tube and Accessories	Replacement	Damaged or worn

## Hydraulic pressure

Model Mainpressure		Branch pressure	Feeding roller RPM
16	2000psi/14MPa	500psi/3.5MPa	34~47* Actual RPM is depending on engine rpm

# Trouble shooting table Chipper

Problem	Possiblereason	Adjustment and maintenance
	blunt blade	Reverse or replace
	Belt is too loose	Adjust belt tension
Feedingisnotgood.	Wrongbladeedgeangle	Angle is 31 degree
	Hopper blocked	Stop engine, lift up roller, clean material jammed
Disc bearing overheated L	ack of lubricant	Cool down, lubricant
Max210°F/99°C	RPMistoohigh	Less than 2400rpm
outilities in output chate	Disc rpm is too low Blunt blade	Clean up material jammed, and run machine at max speed.
Discshaking	Shaft sleeve gets loose Bearing holder gets loose Bearinggetsworn Too much debris jammed behind bearing holder	Tighten torque is 108nm Tighten torque is 108nm Replace bearing Clean up bearing holder Stop machine and clean up
Disc stuck	Material jammed in housing Bearing stuck during worn parts	Check and replace bearing if needed

## **Pump**

Problem	Reason	Solution
Abnormal noise	Air in system	Check and replace tube or coupler worn or cracked. Keep the oil level in the tank at 3/4

Problem	Reason	Solution
Abnormal noise	Vacuum(pumphasair resistance)	Eliminateblockage,tightentheoilinletpipeortig htentheexhaustvalve
	Loose or worn parts	Replace worn gaskets to ensure that the hydraulic oil meets standards and is clean
	The valve or plunger of the hydraulic pump is stuck.	Remove the hydraulic pump and clean it with detergent. It must be fully dried before assembly. Please do not use hard tools to clean the processing surface, such as files or sandpaper, and replace the corroded parts.
	Incorrecthydraulicpump/drive Ma	intainaconstantoiltemperature
The hydraulic pump is overheated	The ambient temperature makes the oil thicker	The hydraulic oil viscosity index is too high, use the hydraulic oil recommended by the manufacturer
	Lowhydraulicoillevel	Keeptheoillevelinthetankat3/4
Increased outlet	Misaligned parts (installation	Check the parts that produce excessive resistance and replace if necessary to ensure that all parts are installed correctly
oil pressure		Turn off the machine immediately and replace
The hydraulic pump does not supply oil	Therdirection of rotation of the	the oil pump with the correct shaft rotation direction  Clean the hydraulic oil tank and keep the oil level
	Inlet blocked	at 3/4
	Leak in oil inlet line	Check the oil tube or joint for looseness or damage, replace or tighten them
	Stickyoil	Drainalloilandreplacewithnewoil

Low system pres sure	The relief valve is set too low	If the pressure of the high-pressure pipeline exceeds the set pressure of the relief valve, use a pressure gauge to detect and adjust the pressure of the relief valve to the specified pressure value Clean the relief valve if it is dirty and check
	The relief valve stuck	damage, replace if necessary
	Parts are aging, cracked, worn o	To limit the pressure of the high-pressure pipeline to exceed the set pressure, use a pressure gauge to detect. After troubleshooting the relief valve and manual mechanical valve, the re is still no pressure built up. Check whether hy draulic pump is worn or damaged, and replace it if necessary. Check whether the hydraulic oil has deteriorated
	Valvestickingorseizure	(e.g.dust,sludge,solventorpaint,etc.),replacei f necessary Check whether the pump parts are worn or dam aged, and replace if necessary
		Run the machine for a period of time and check
Slow start	Hydraulic oil is too sticky when starting	whether the hydraulic oil is thinning. If it is not the sity. Refer to the manufacturer's recommended o il

